Work Life Balance of Women Employees of IT Sector during Remote Working

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Research Article

Work Life Balance of Women Employees of IT Sector during Remote Working

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Abstract

In this paper, an endeavor has been made to track down the professional and the personal difficulties and enhancers for work life balance among working women during work from home through a study of 100 ladies working in the IT area in India. The primary difficulties in professional life were discovered to be expanded working hours, travel time from home to work place, and additional tasks engaged by them. Where as in personal life, the primary anxieties were blame from elders for not being taken care of family. Most of the women would incline toward adaptable planning, flexi-time, and strong spouse, family, and companions just as a climate helpful for work at the workplace.

Key Words: Work Life Balance, Work from Home, Women Employees, Personal and Professional Life.

I.INTRODUCTION

WLB is tied in with making and keeping a strong and sound workplace that causes employees to have harmony among individual and expert life. This will assist with expanding employee dedication and efficiency. In the present living world, both men and women, similarly share the duties of procuring for the better settlement of their day-to-day life. It is hard for women to keep harmony among individual and work life than men with expanded work pressure. An individual life can likewise be requesting if employees have a child or maturing guardian. The work trouble is more on women shoulders regarding family assumptions, dealing with the home, dealing with kids and guardians. The work-life imbalance or irregularity may prompt non-attendance from work and making pressure. Work and day-to-day life are two of a kind for Women. On one side, the requests of her work give her less an ideal opportunity for her family and on the opposite side, her family obligations influence her enthusiasm for work. Accordingly, the issue of balance between work and life during work from home should be tended to from the two sides i.e., the company or organization point and from the family viewpoint. This research attempts to realize the issues looked at by them and to recognize the activities embraced by the organizations for advancing WLB.

II.LITERATURE REVIEW

Alegre and Patamar (2018): examined another idea and advantages of work life balance which spotlight the creativity of a representative i.e., the utilization of propelling innovation in performing assignments both at work and at the individual front. They additionally investigated that associations should offer their representatives commitment, inspiration, and interfacing imagination in the work environment.

Tiwari (2017): Obviously called attention to that representatives, particularly ladies, need to assume a twofold part in their life, one in the work environment and the other at home. The investigation was directed in private associations comprising of an example size of 150 female representatives. It was understood that 93.32% of representatives feel that the changing climate and difficulties related to it, are preventing both work and day to day life. Additionally, 56.67% of workers felt that their hierarchical culture and directors are not steady to assist representatives with dealing with their own and expert life. Then again, 83.32% of workers get total help from family to seek after a task and helping out family commitments.

Shaffer et al (2016): Work-life balance envelopes a harmony between two altogether separate jobs performed by an individual specifically the jobs of work and the jobs of family, and to holders of the jobs, both bring fulfillment.

Joanna Hughes, Nikos Bozines' (2015): Design is to investigate the perspectives of male specialists in a male-ruled occupation on issues that relate to equilibrium between fun and serious stuff. It arose that work-life awkwardness was a wellspring of worry as well as that it was the significant wellspring of a disappointment for members. Besides, members made an unmistakable association between issues with harmony between serious and fun times and withdrawal practices, including turnover and non- authentic debilitated nonappearance.

Au and Ahmed, (2014): The administration of equilibrium between fun and serious stuff and additionally work-family struggle interest of representatives have been discovered to be among the essential perspectives to be tended to by the association as an approach to safeguard the HR.

Purohit (2013): had done an investigation among representatives of driving corporate substances addressing, producing, data innovation, instructive, and banking areas in the Pune locale in India and focused on the way that authoritative arrangement estimates supporting harmony between serious and fun times are vital for accomplishing common advantages between the worker and the representatives.

Fatima et.al (2012): factors influencing equilibrium between fun and serious stuff are accomplice support partner backing and occupation assets are emphatically connected with the equilibrium between fun and serious stuff though baseless analysis at the specific employment is adversely connected with harmony between serious and fun times. The examination uncovers that concerning accomplice support male representatives are happier with an equilibrium between fun and serious stuff when contrasted with females. It is tracked down that female representative felt more work-life strain because of childcare duties, and it is additionally seen that senior reliance is multiplying the weight of ladies than men.

Murphy and Doherty (2011): uncovered that it is unimaginable to expect to quantify harmony between serious and fun times in a flat-out manner as there are close to home conditions that impact the way that is seen yet set up an agreement that mirrors a person's needs through representatives should draw a firm line between their home and work lives and be certain that the line is in the ideal spot.

Doble and Suraya (2010): researched equilibrium between fun and serious stuff across sexes and saw that the two guys and females confronted irregularity in family and work life. The investigation portrayed the elements that added to harmony between serious and fun times like strategic scheduling, telecommute, low maintenance work, accessibility of childcare,

and adaptability to deal with crises at home.

Rebecca Bandhan (2009): Women and men by and large have an alternate impression of what the "life" some portion of the equilibrium includes. For ladies, it will in general be dedicating more opportunity to family, while for men it is investing more energy seeking after close to home interests.

III. OBJECTIVES

- 1. To recognize the problems faced by women while balancing work and life during remote working in IT sector.
- 2. To know the strategies implemented by the organization to balance the work life in remote working.
- 3. To know the employee's perspective on work life balance during work from home and work from office.

IV.SCOPE OF THE STUDY

In the current situation, because of numerous progressions occurring in the work environment and family frameworks, a larger part of women is thinking that it's hard to accomplish an ideal equilibrium between personal and professional life. In correlation with men, ladies have more obligations at home. Despite the fact that there are concentrates on WLB, moderately there are fewer examinations on WLB of women employees. Hence, there is a need to concentrate on how ladies are adjusting their work and day-to-day life in the IT area. The current investigation is kept to women employees in Hyderabad city. Women employees who have been working in the IT area were considered with the end goal of the examination.

V.METHODOLOGY

The study was completed based on both the primary and secondary data resources. Endeavors were made to gather the real time responses / reaction around "WLB of Women employees working in IT industry during work from home". The primary information, collected through a structured questionnaire, was created to gather the reactions from the women employees working in the IT area. Also, the secondary information was gathered from Literature reports and other information are gathered from diaries, magazines, and other distributed information. The sample size considered for the investigation is 100 respondents.

VI.RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

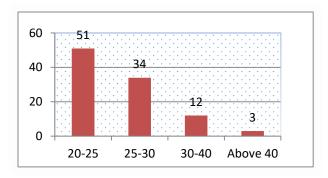


Figure-1: Demographic profile of the respondents

The above figure shows that 52.5% of the employees are of age group 20-25, 33.7% of the employees are of age group 25-30, Only 10.9% employees are 30-40 years old.

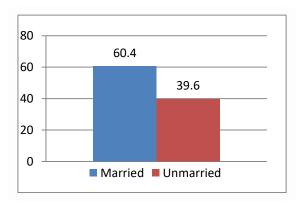


Figure-2: Marital Status of the respondents

From the above figure, it is clear that 60.4% of the spouses are working and 39.6% are unemployed.

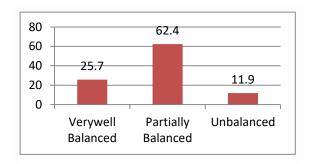


Figure-3: Balance between Personal and Professional Life

The above figure shows that 62.4% employees are partially balancing their work life and 25.7% are balancing very well where as 11.9% are unable to balance.

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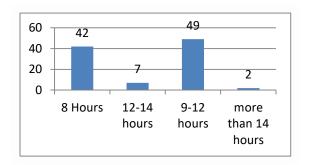


Figure-4: Working hours per day

The above figure shows that 49.5% of the employees are working for 9-12 hours per day and 41.6% are working for 8 hours.

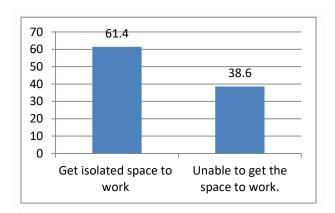


Figure-5: Feelings of respondents while they work

The above figure shows that 61.4% of employees can get isolated space to work and 38.6% are unable to get the space to work.

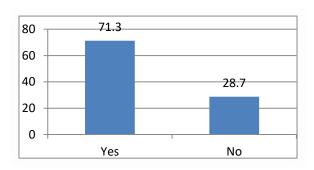


Figure-6: Pressure at Work

The above figure shows that 71.3% of employees are able to submit the work in time by balancing work and life. 28.7% of employees are unable to submit their work.

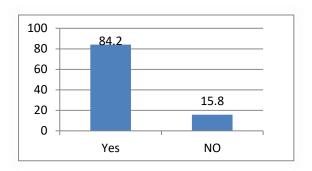


Figure-7: Spouse Support in balancing WL

The above figure shows that 84.2% spouses are supporting in work life balance and 15.8% are not supporting in work life balance.

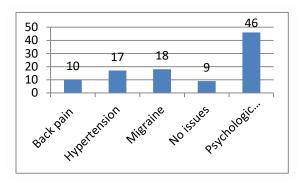


Figure-8: Health issues While working from Home

The above figure show that 46% of employees are facing psychological stress and 18% of employees are suffering from migraine and 17% of employees are suffering from hypertension and 10% employees suffering with Back pain and 9% employees are not having no issues during remote working.

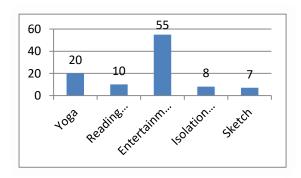


Figure-9: Management of Stress -WFM

The above figure show that 74.3% of the employees goes for entertainment when they feel stress whereas only 14.9% do yoga.

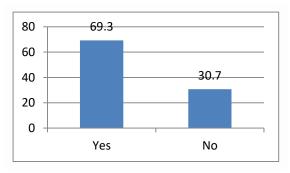


Figure-10: Supportive measures to maintain WLB

The above figure show that 69.3% of the employees stated that their management provides supportive measures to maintain work life balance.

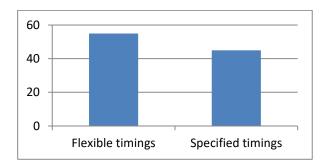


Figure-11: Pressure on completing targets while WFM

The above figure shows that 52.5% of employees are allowed to work in flexible hours whereas 47.5% are asked to submit work in specified timings.

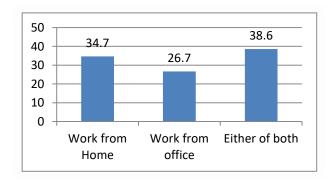


Figure-12: Best Alternative for Work

The above figure shows that 26.7% of employees are willing to work form office and 34.7% are willing to work from home whereas 38.6% are willing to work either from office or from home.

Table-1: Factors which influence WLB While WFM

Factors of WLB	Multiple Regression R values
Finishing targets on Time	.412
Psychological Pressure from Family	.362
Child Care/Parenting	.421
Technical Issues	.879
Isolation feeling while work/No commitment	.652
Disturbed health/Mindset	.712
R2	.698
Adjusted R ²	.688
F	30.1204

^{* (}LOS=0.001)

The results clearly mentions that women employees are facing much problems from child care, health issues and technical issues while they work from Home. Majority of the women employees are interested to work from office only.

VII. CONCLUSION

Women employees establish a significant segment of the working environment. In any case, the current circumstance of countless capable ladies who because of different conditions have been avoided with regard to their positions should be tended to. The issues confronted are a few at the same time, essentially frequently the break in their transporter emerges out of parenthood and family obligations. Accomplishing a decent harmony among work and family responsibilities is a developing worry for contemporary employees and organizations. It is trusted that this task report will shape a venturing stone simultaneously and give a premise to reflection and discussion on the WLB issues among ladies in the IT area.

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